



I Semester M.Sc. Examination, Jan./Feb. 2018  
(CBCS Scheme)  
CHEMISTRY  
C 102 : Organic Chemistry – I

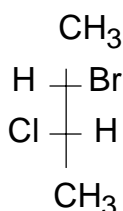
Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

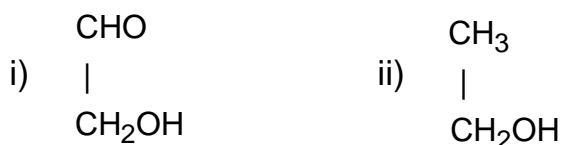
**Instruction :** Answer question No. 1 and **any five** of the remaining.

1. Answer **any ten** of the following : **(10×2=20)**

- Give an example each for conjugated and cross conjugated compounds.
- Draw the structure of [10]-annulene and comment on its aromaticity.
- Arrange the following in the decreasing order of acidity and offer a proper justification.  
 $\text{Cl}_3\text{CCOOH}$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ ,  $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$ ,  $\text{HCOOH}$ .
- What are ambident substrates ? Explain with suitable examples.
- Convert the following projection into Newman and Sawhorse projections.



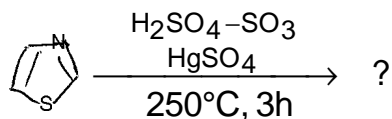
f) Indicate (if any) the prochiral groups and prochiral faces in the following :



- Draw all possible conformers of cyclopentane and comment on their stability.
- What is Kiliani-Fischer synthesis ? Explain with an example.
- Draw the structure of :
  - Gentiobiose
  - Meliobiose.



j) Predict the product and propose a suitable mechanism.



k) Give any one synthesis of coumarin.

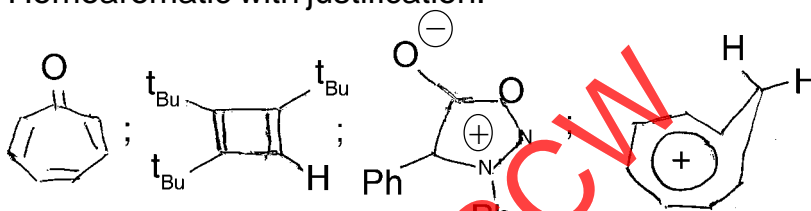
l) Explain how pyridoxine is converted into pyridoxal and pyridoxylamine.

2. a) Indicate the following as :

i) Aromatic

ii) Antiaromatic

iii) Homoaromatic with justification.



b) Draw the structures of :

i) Carbanion

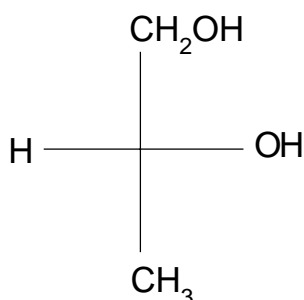
ii) Carbon free-radical and comment on their stability.

**(6+4=10)**

3. a) Give an account of Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship.

b) What are CIP rules ? Explain how these rules are used to determine the R/S configuration of the following molecule.

**(6+4=10)**



4. a) Write briefly on nomenclature of fused and bridged ring systems.

b) Explain the method of determination of configuration of any one monosaccharide.

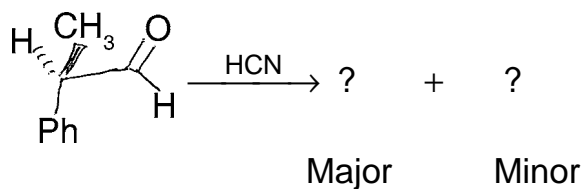
c) Elucidate the structure of sucrose.

**(3+3+4=10)**



5. a) Give one synthesis and any two reactions of :  
i) Imidazole  
ii) Pyrimidine.  
b) Sketch the synthesis of riboflavin. **(6+4=10)**

6. a) Write notes on :  
i) Curtin Hammett principle.  
ii) Use of isotope labelling in the determination of reaction mechanisms.  
b) What is Cram's rule ? Explain how this rule is used to predict the product of the following reaction. **(6+4=10)**



7. Outline the synthesis of the following :  
a) N-acetylmuramic acid  
b) Galactosamine  
c) Vitamin A1. **(3+3+4=10)**
8. a) What are hard and soft bases ? Explain with suitable examples.  
b) Give a brief account of conformational analysis of cyclohexane-1, 3-diol.  
c) Sketch a synthesis of indole. **(3+3+4=10)**
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